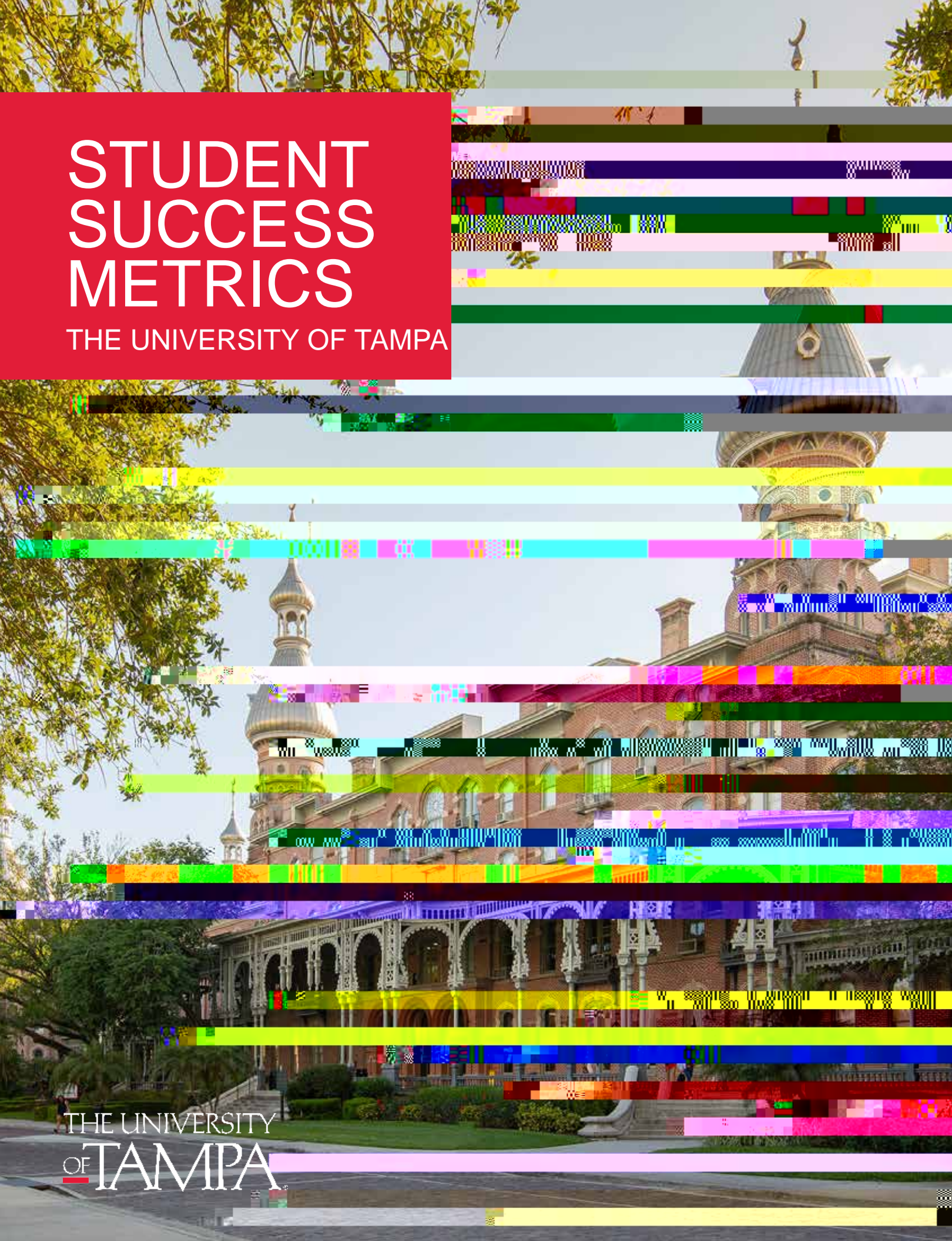


STUDENT SUCCESS METRICS

THE UNIVERSITY OF TAMPA



V



SIX-YEAR GRADUATION RATE

Definition:

The six-year graduation rate is the percentage of students who graduate within six years of their initial enrollment in a college or university. This rate is calculated by dividing the number of students who graduate within six years by the total number of students who are first-time, full-time students in the first year of college. The six-year graduation rate is a key indicator of institutional effectiveness and student success. It is used to compare institutions and to track progress over time. The six-year graduation rate is also used to determine eligibility for accreditation and to receive federal funding. The six-year graduation rate is a complex metric that takes into account a variety of factors, including student demographics, institutional resources, and the quality of instruction. The six-year graduation rate is a measure of student success that is widely used by colleges and universities. It is a key indicator of institutional effectiveness and student success. The six-year graduation rate is used to compare institutions and to track progress over time. The six-year graduation rate is also used to determine eligibility for accreditation and to receive federal funding. The six-year graduation rate is a complex metric that takes into account a variety of factors, including student demographics, institutional resources, and the quality of instruction. The six-year graduation rate is a measure of student success that is widely used by colleges and universities.

Discussion/Evaluation:

The six-year graduation rate is a key indicator of institutional effectiveness and student success. It is used to compare institutions and to track progress over time. The six-year graduation rate is also used to determine eligibility for accreditation and to receive federal funding. The six-year graduation rate is a complex metric that takes into account a variety of factors, including student demographics, institutional resources, and the quality of instruction. The six-year graduation rate is a measure of student success that is widely used by colleges and universities.

CAREER SERVICES SUCCESS RATE

Definition:

The Career Services Success Rate is defined as the percentage of graduates who have secured employment, graduate school, or non-traditional experience within 90 days of graduation. This metric is calculated by dividing the total number of graduates who have secured employment, graduate school, or non-traditional experience by the total number of graduates. For example, if 100 graduates are surveyed and 20 have secured employment, graduate school, or non-traditional experience, the success rate would be 20%.

Discussion/Evaluation:

The Career Services Success Rate is a key indicator of student success and is used to evaluate the effectiveness of career services. A success rate of 6.6% in 2019, 4% in 2020, and 7% in 2021 indicates that a small percentage of graduates are securing employment, graduate school, or non-traditional experience within 90 days of graduation. This suggests that career services may need to be improved to help more graduates secure employment, graduate school, or non-traditional experience.

UNDERGRADUATE

Immediate Plans	2019	2020	2021
Success Rate	6.6%	4%	7%
Number of Graduates	2/1640 53. %	1135/133 5.7%	1126/124 61.7%
Full Time Employment	73.4	64.6	6.1
Part Time Employment	7.1	.	.1
Employed & Graduate School	0.0	4.1	3.2
Graduate School	14.2	14.3	14.4
Non-Traditional Experience	1.4	0.4	0.
Military	0.5	0.	0.7
Still Seeking	3.4	5.6	2.1
Not Seeking	0.0	0.2	0.3

GRADUATE

